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# SUMMARY

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### **GENERAL**

	GENERAL	
	1. Comment on India's acceptance of active role in Formosa crisis:	
5X1	In accepting Chou En-lai's request to send Krishna Menon to Peiping for further consultations on Formosa, Prime Minister Nehru has again seized an opportunity to assume an active role in promoting peace in Asia and to recoup some of the prestige he lost at the recent Afro-Asian conference.	
	Chou's invitation to India's best-known diplomat, whose anti-American bias is well established, suggests that Peiping is prepared for a protracted period of maneuvering on negotiations over the Formosa issue. In accepting the invitation, Nehru publicly proclaimed India's friendliness and lack of prejudice toward both sides.	
5X1	Nehru's public proclamation that India and 'other parties concerned' had 'known for some time that China was willing to enter into direct talks," and his statement that Chou's offer "can lead to an approach toward a peaceful settlement," suggest that the Indian premier may be prepared to blame the United States if Menon's mission fails to bring positive results.	
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Page 3

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	SOUTHEAST ASIA
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25X1

McClintock comments that obviously a thorny problem is building up.

Comment: The Cambodia Cochinchina frontier was demarcated in the 19th century by the French and early in the 20th century the French made certain minor changes in favor of Cochinchina. The Cambodians have been traditionally resentful of the encroachment of Vietnamese along their southeastern border. Cambodia and Vietnam do not maintain direct diplomatic relations.

# WESTERN EUROPE

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Chancellor Adenauer, through a personal envoy, Herbert Blankenhorn, has proposed to the Allied four-power conference working group in London that the West offer to include the Soviet Union and its Satellites in a new security system consisting of all the European states, Canada and the United States. The proposal provides for over-all limits on arms, inspection of defense establishments, and a system of nonaggression and mutual assistance arrangements. The German arms

Simultaneously, the West should also offer to re-unite Germany under the Eden plan--which called for free all-German elections and freedom of alliance. Blankenhorn feels, however, that the Eden plan will continue to be rejected by the Soviet Union. Nevertheless, he states that German public opinion expects the West to adopt a more advanced position on East-West problems than that taken at Berlin in February 1954. Such a proposal, he believes, may enable the West to regain the initiative.

build-up under the Paris accords would not be affected nor would NATO force goals, since the arms limits would be set high enough

so as not to interfere.

Comment: While Adenauer's proposal would stand little chance of being accepted by the Soviet Union, he believes these arrangements are the only safe basis for German unity. In his opinion, unity will be possible only following a general detente between the USSR and the United States.

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# 6. The Situation in Saigon (as of 2000 EDST, 1 May):

By the evening of 1 May in Saigon the forces loyal to Premier Diem were clearly in the ascendancy. An attempted coup d'etat by General Vy, Bao Dai's designated military plenipotentiary, had failed. A press report from Cannes of 1 May stated that Bao Dai had "reaffirmed" his

faith in Premier Diem and had issued a third invitation to the premier to come to France. Bao Dai had described his last previous invitation as the "second and last."

Early in the morning of 1 May, Vy had issued a communique stating that there was no constitutional government in Vietnam and that he was the sole legal power. Vy's attempts to win the support of General Ty and other key officers in Saigon failed and Vy reportedly enplaned for Dalat at 1500. Shortly before Vy's flight the French radio in Saigon quoted General Ely as urging the population to "give all necessary help to the armed forces of Vietnam."

Vy's attempt to overthrow Diem, like that of the Binh Xuyen, had virtually no chance of success unless it had the active backing of the French Expeditionary Corps. Despite the statements of French government spokesmen in Paris and General Ely that the action "deposing" Bao Dai, taken by a "Revolutionary Council" supporting Diem on 30 April, was "illegal," the French command in Saigon apparently made no overt move to intervene.

The "Revolutionary Council," which first appeared on 30 April, is a group of extremists supporting the premier. It has Diem's unofficial sanction but its statements go beyond official government policy. Those sect leaders who have been in Diem's camp during the dispute with the Binh Xuyen—Cao Dai generals Phuong and The and Hoa Hao general Ngo—have played an important, if not dominant, part in the current revolutionary activity.

25X1

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•			
· ·			2
5X1		the Cao Dai pope	
	-	e Binh Xuyenand certain lesser Hoa Hao warlords Dai proclamations on the 29th and 30th.	
	of Saigon. Binh	At 1500 hours (Saigon time) Binh Xuyen ortedly concentrated approximately 12 miles south Xuyen morale was said to be low; 100 troops	
	had defected dur	ing the day.	2
·		CHRONOLOGY	
	Several days	Ba Cut liaison reportedly tells Vietnamese	
	prior to	source United Front expects major conflict	
	28 April	with National Army within few days, probably 1 May.	2
	26 April	Diem establishes new National Police headquarters, with Colonel Le as chief, on Blvd. Gillieni.	2
	28 April	Le tells press that, effective 1430 hours, he will stop movement mobile Binh Xuyen patrols.	2
	1215 Hours 28 April	Mortar shells land in Y Bridge area from unknown point of origin, according to Ely. Embassy notes official French briefing made no mention of this but stated shelling began at 1315 with attack on palace.	
5X1			
	1245 Hours 28 April	Conflict begins when Binh Xuyen reportedly opens fire on truckload of National Army troops in front of police headquarters on Blvd. Gallieni.	2
	1315 Hours 28 April	Serious battle begins as Binh Xuyen lobs nine mortar shells on or near palace. Diem	
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,		informs Ely that more shelling will bring VNA retaliation. Attack continues, and Diem orders fire returned.	25X1
	Afternoon, Evening 28 April	Heavy fighting, largely concentrated in Y Bridge area and along Arroyo Chinois. Large area between Arroyo Chinois and Blvd.Gallieni in flames.	25X1
· ·	28 April	Bao Dai cables Diem, appointing General Nguyen Van Vy army commander and ordering Diem and others to Cannes for talks. Diem told to arrive 3 May for conference beginning 5 May.	25X1
	28 April	Kidder sees Ely; latter holds Diem responsible for bloodshed, implies US largely to blame.	25X1
	Morning 29 April	Cabinet meeting reportedly produces unanimous approval of strong cable from Diem to Bao Dai rejecting latter's instructions. Premier's communique says cabinet decided presence of premier indispensable and that Vy's assumption of command would have "baneful consequences" for country.	25X1
25X1	29 April	National Army succeeds in gaining objective of banks of Arroyo Chinois after overcoming most Binh Xuyen strongpoints in city.	
25X1	29 April	Cao Dai pope Pham Cong Tac and Hoa Hao military leader Tu Day today issued anti-Bao Dai, anti-French state- ments.	25X1
25X1	29 April	Bao Dai orders General Nguyen Van Hinh to leave for Vietnam to "survey" situation.	
	1430 Hours 29 April	French start deploying heavily armed troops along principal boundaries of Saigon's European sector.	25X1
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TOPIC TOOL QUESTION		00110	

29	April	Ely tells Kidder and British ambassador that Diem's refusal to obey Bao Dai puts him in illegal position. Kidder believes Ely had hoped to get American and British support in demarche to Diem for ceasefire.	
29	April	Colonel Thai Hoang Minh, Binh Xuyen chief of staff, is now suspicious of French intentions, and is negotiating rallying to the government of three Binh Xuyen battalions.	25X1
29	April	VNA has total	 25X1
		of 80 French prisoners.	25X1
	00 Hours April	VNA reportedly flanks and forces Y Bridge. Binh Xuyen falls back to point two miles south of Saigon. VNA attempting envelop-	
		ment.	25X1
29	April		25X1
30	April	Provisional assembly, called "The Revolutionary Democratic Forces of the Nation," "fires" Bao Dai, orders Diem to dissolve cabinet and form a new one. Assembly, which has cabinet backing, adopts resolution assailing Bao Dai as puppet of French colonialists. Bao Dai portrait on city hall torn down at instigation of sect loyalists, smashed by crowd.	25X1
30	April	General Vy, after conference with Diem, reads statement under duress, saying he agrees with assembly's action deposing Bao Dai, and adds: "I place myself at disposal	
		of Premier Diem."	25X1

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•	• Approved For Rele	ease 2002/07/30 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002000200001-6	25X1
25X1	30 April	Hoa Hao colonel Nhuyen Van Hue issued anti-Bao Dai procla- mation.	25X1
	30 April	Cabinet reportedly sends cable to Bao Dai protesting latter's decision to send Hinh on "survey" mission as "serious insult" to government and army.	25X1
	30 April	Some members of imperial family in Saigon said to have decided to urge Bao Dai to retain Diem.	25X1
	30 April	General Ty given additional star, Colonels Don (AC/S) and Minh (Comdr First Mil Region) raised to generals.	25X1
	30 April	VNA reports supply situation satisfactory. Binh Xuyen reported low on ammunition and down to strength of 2,000. Believed tired and ready to quit. Some evidence internal dissension. Binh Xuyen may find means to improve supply situation.	25X1
25X1	0030 Hours 1 May	General Vy released from palace. Issues statement that he is "sole legal power."  (Vy later told Emb his release followed threat by comdr of a paratroop battalion to attack palace unless Vy freed.)	
	0900-1000 Hours 1 May	Bloodless struggle between VNA units and Imperial Guard units under Vy for control of national bank, national radio, and PTT (last two in French sector). Army gains control of radio and PTT.	25X1
	1200 Hours 1 May	People's Revolutionary Council and VNA representatives, including Ty and Don, meet at palace. Adopt resolution of full support for Ty.	25X1
	1 May	CannesBao Dai reportedly 'reaffirms' support for Diem and renews order to Diem to proceed to Cannes.	25X1
	1 May 55 CURI	RENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN Page 11	

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	1 May	French military source says Hoa Hao forces allied with Binh Xuyen marching on Saigon.	
5X1			
	1400 Hours 1 May	French radio in Saigon quotes Ely as urging population to support Vietnamese army.  Comment: Ely may have made statement under impression General Vy in command.	25X
	1500 Hours 1 May	General Vy reportedly enplanes for Dalat.  His residence, crowded with officers a few hours earlier, now deserted.	25X
5X1			
	1 May	Diem's decision not to go to Cannes is final.	25X
		General Hinh will not be permitted to enter Vietnam.	25X
	1 May	People's Revolutionary Council authorizes Diem to form new government which will organize elected assembly and ask complete withdrawal of French troops. Demands full- scale revolution to wipe out colonialist	05)
	<b>1 M</b> ay	Vietnamese defense minister says referendum will decide issue of monarchy or republic	25X
		within a few months.	25X
	1 May	Paris radio says all observers agree situa- tion turning in favor of Diem.	25X
	1600 Hours 1 May	Xuyen concentrated 12 miles south of Saigon, with French blocking approaches to them.  Binh Xuyen morale bad. Over 100 defected during day. Government expects 3 battalions	25X
		to rally in near future.	25X

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## THE FORMOSA STRAITS

Report of the IAC Current Intelligence Group for the Formosa Straits Problem

This report is based on information received in Washington up to 1100 hours 1 May 1955.

1. No significant developments have been reported.

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